

# Github Action

## Github Actions 的基本元素

要了解 Github Actions 的基本概念，有幾個元素（或是術語）是必須要知道的，範圍由大至小分別為：

```
Workflow -> Job -> Step -> Action
```

- Workflow : CI/CD 一次要運行的整個過程，就稱作 Workflow，一個 Workflow 裡會涵蓋多個 Job、Step、Action。
- Job : 意義跟翻成中文差不多，代表「任務」。一個 Workflow 由多個 Job 組成，這也意味著 *一個 Workflow 可以完成多個任務*。
- Step : 代表一個個「步驟」，一個 Job 由多個 Step 組成，意味著一個 Job 是一個步驟一個步驟來完成的。
- Action : 「命令」或「動作」，每個 Step 可以依序執行多個命令（動作）。

## Github Actions Workflow Config

要啟用 Github Actions，不需要什麼複雜的設定，只需要在專案的根目錄新增 `.github/workflow` 的路徑，將專案推到 Github 上後 Github 就會自動執行放在該路徑裡的 `.yml` config 檔 (Workflow document 採用 YAML 格式)。`.yml` 檔的檔名可以隨意取，也可以創建多個 `.yml` 檔，Github 會執行 `.github/workflow` 路徑下的所有 YAML 文件。

以下是python flask linebot範例:

```
# action名稱
name: line-bot-Gemini
#監聽 當*發生時
on:
  push:
    branches: [ "self-use" ]
  pull_request:
    branches: [ "self-use" ]
#做以下的事情
jobs:
  #做的事情名稱
  build_and_deployment:
    # 跑在自己的伺服器上 下面範例是用github action runner 綁定帳戶的
    runs-on: self-hosted # windows server 2018
```

```

#步驟
steps:
- uses: actions/checkout@v2
- name: Set up Python 3.11
- #建立python環境 確保環境一致
  uses: actions/setup-python@v2 # 將 uses 更改為 actions/setup-python@v2
  with:
    python-version: "3.11"
- name: Install dependencies
- # 安裝所需套件
  run: |
    python -m pip install --upgrade pip
    if (Test-Path requirements.txt) { pip install -r requirements.txt }

```

以下是dotnet framework 部屬至IIS網頁伺服器:

```

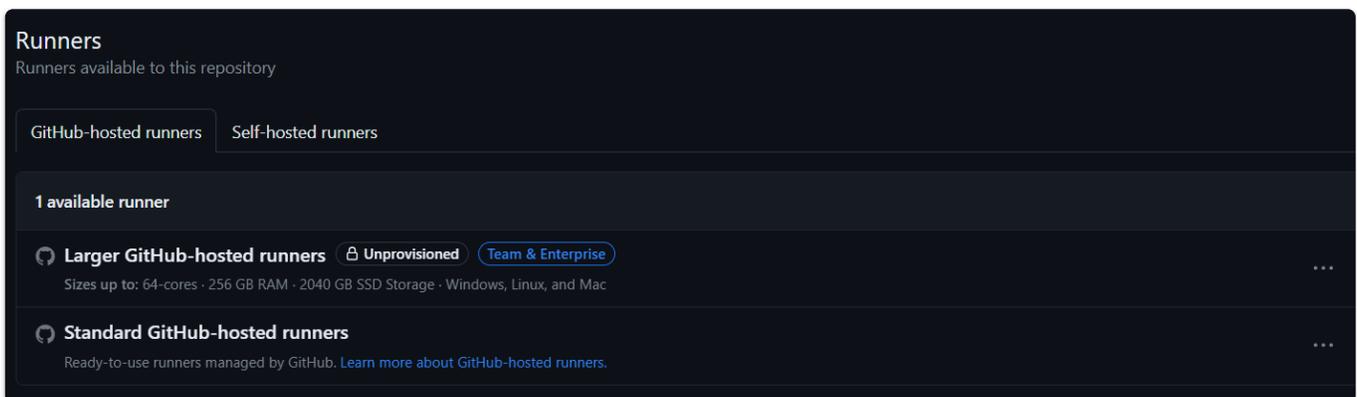
name: .NET framework 4.7.6 Deployment

# 監聽以下事件發生
on:
  push:
    branches: [ "master" ]
  pull_request:
    branches: [ "master" ]
# 做以下事情
jobs:
  build:
    # 自己的伺服器
    runs-on: self-hosted
    steps:
    # 環境建立測試
    - uses: actions/checkout@v3
    - name: Setup .NET 4.7.2
      uses: actions/setup-dotnet@v2
      with:
        dotnet-version: 4.7.2
        # 還原依賴
    - name: Restore dependencies
      run: dotnet restore
        # 構建程式
    - name: Build
      run: dotnet build --no-restore
        # 發布程式
    - name: Publish
      run: dotnet publish -c Release -o published

```

```
# 部屬 IIS 伺服器
# deployment:
#   needs: build
#   runs-on: self-hosted
# 部屬iis
# - name: Deploy to IIS
#   run: |
#     # 使用 xcopy 將文件複製到 IIS 目錄
#     xcopy /Y /S .\ISHAudit C:\inetpub\wwwroot\ishapublish\
#         原目錄      目標目錄
#     # 如果需要停止和啟動應用程序，可以使用以下命令
#     # iisreset
```

## runs-on 參數



The screenshot shows the 'Runners' section in a GitHub repository. It indicates that there are runners available to this repository. Two tabs are visible: 'GitHub-hosted runners' and 'Self-hosted runners'. Under 'GitHub-hosted runners', there is one available runner. The first option is 'Larger GitHub-hosted runners', which is 'Unprovisioned' and includes a 'Team & Enterprise' badge. Its specifications are: 'Sizes up to: 64-cores · 256 GB RAM · 2040 GB SSD Storage · Windows, Linux, and Mac'. The second option is 'Standard GitHub-hosted runners', which are 'Ready-to-use runners managed by GitHub' and includes a link to 'Learn more about GitHub-hosted runners'.

github runner 也有免費和租用伺服器提供你選擇

參數填上

windows:

```
windows-latest
```

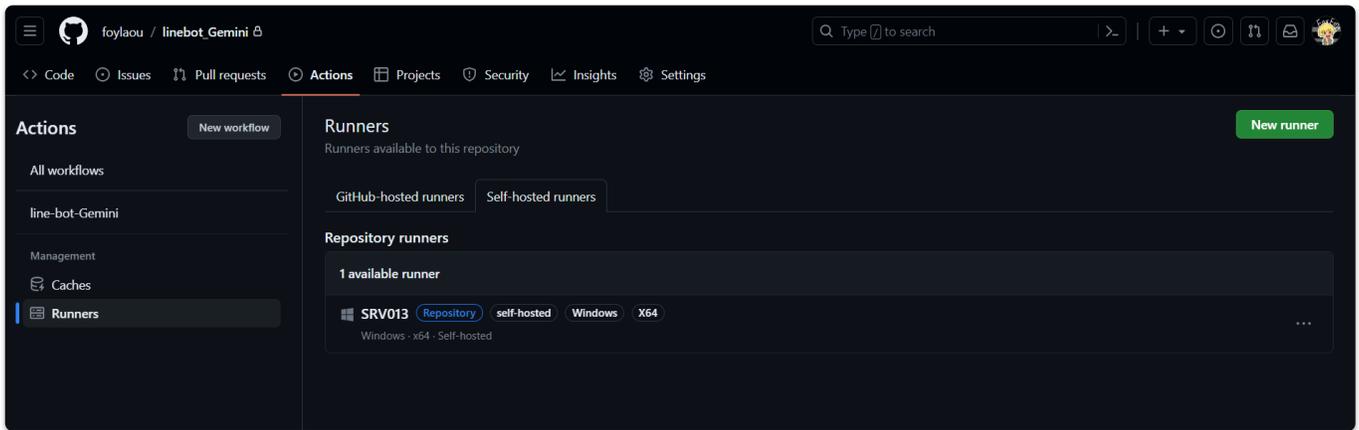
linux:

```
ubuntu-latest
```

MacOs:

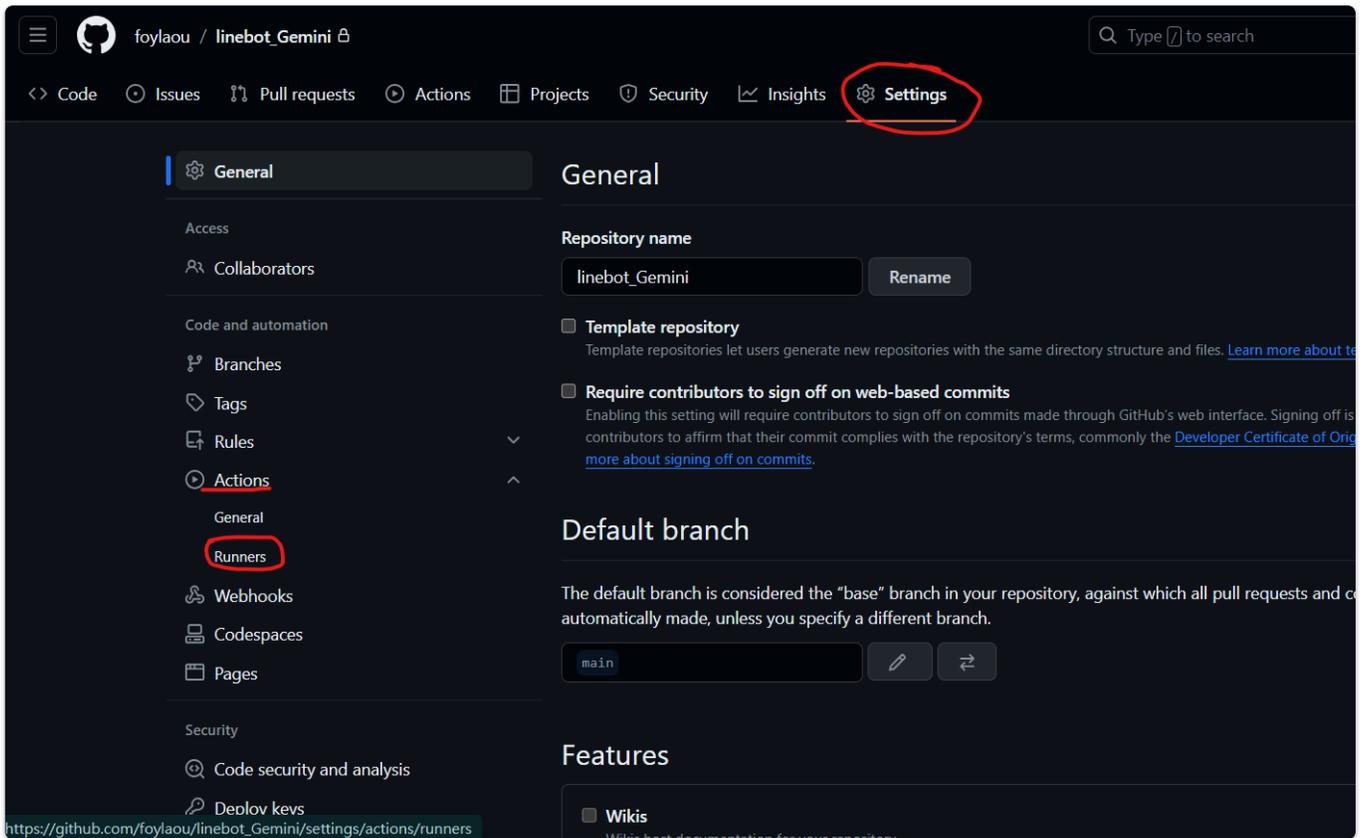
```
macos-latest
```

## 如何設定自己伺服器當runs-on



這是設定自己的伺服器

先來到專案設定->Action->Runner



就會看到以下頁面，選擇伺服器上執行的作業系統環境進行安裝

## Runners / Add new self-hosted runner · foylaou/linebot\_Gemini

Adding a self-hosted runner requires that you download, configure, and execute the GitHub Actions Runner. By downloading and configuring the GitHub Actions Runner, you agree to the [GitHub Terms of Service](#) or [GitHub Corporate Terms of Service](#), as applicable.

### Runner image

macOS

Linux

Windows

### Architecture

x64

### Download

We recommend configuring the runner under "actions-runner". This will help avoid issues related to service identity folder permissions and long path restrictions on Windows.

```
# Create a folder under the drive root
$ mkdir actions-runner; cd actions-runner

# Download the latest runner package
$ Invoke-WebRequest -Uri https://github.com/actions/runner/releases/download/v2.311.0/actions-runner-win-x64-2.311.0.zip -OutFile actions-runner-win-x64-2.311.0.zip

# Optional: Validate the hash
$ if((Get-FileHash -Path actions-runner-win-x64-2.311.0.zip -Algorithm SHA256).Hash.ToUpper() -ne 'e629628ce25c1a7032d845f12dfe3dced630ca13a878b037dde77f5683b039dd'.ToUpper()){ throw 'Computed checksum did not match' }

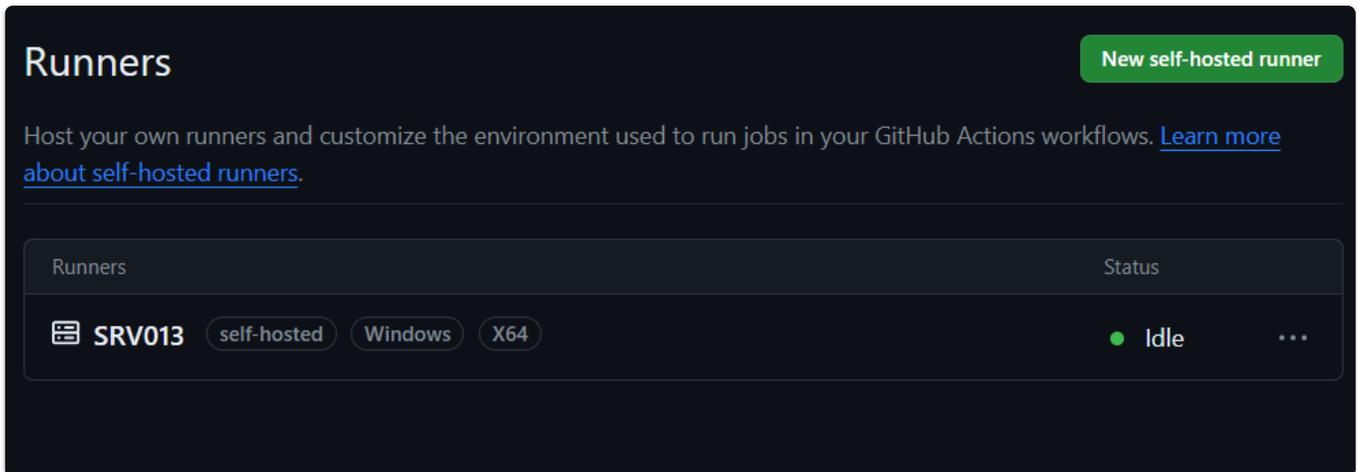
# Extract the installer
```

我是用windows server 請使用powershell以系統管理員身分執行

```
# 建立資料夾在裝置的跟目錄下
mkdir actions-runner
cd actions-runner
# 下載最新版github-runner
Invoke-WebRequest -Uri
https://github.com/actions/runner/releases/download/v2.311.0/actions-runner-win-x64-2.311.0.zip -OutFile actions-runner-win-x64-2.311.0.zip
# 選用:驗證資料hash值
if((Get-FileHash -Path actions-runner-win-x64-2.311.0.zip -Algorithm
SHA256).Hash.ToUpper() -ne
'e629628ce25c1a7032d845f12dfe3dced630ca13a878b037dde77f5683b039dd'.ToUpper()){
throw 'Computed checksum did not match' }
# 解壓縮並安裝
Add-Type -AssemblyName System.IO.Compression.FileSystem ;
[System.IO.Compression.ZipFile]::ExtractToDirectory("$PWD/actions-runner-win-x64-2.311.0.zip", "$PWD")
```

```
# 建立github-runner程式的設定檔
./config.cmd --url https://github.com/foylaou/linebot_Gemini --token
APMS32DGPOD3DBSM62GOSJTFTNORE
# 執行程式
./run.cmd
```

這樣你就會看到你的頁面出現server裝置了



The screenshot shows the 'Runners' page in a dark theme. At the top left is the title 'Runners'. At the top right is a green button labeled 'New self-hosted runner'. Below the title is a descriptive paragraph: 'Host your own runners and customize the environment used to run jobs in your GitHub Actions workflows. [Learn more about self-hosted runners.](#)'. Below this is a table with two columns: 'Runners' and 'Status'. The table contains one entry: a runner named 'SRV013' with a server icon, followed by three tags: 'self-hosted', 'Windows', and 'X64'. To the right of these tags is a green dot indicating the status 'Idle', followed by a three-dot menu icon.

Runners	Status
 <b>SRV013</b> <span>self-hosted</span> <span>Windows</span> <span>X64</span>	<span>● Idle</span> <span>⋮</span>